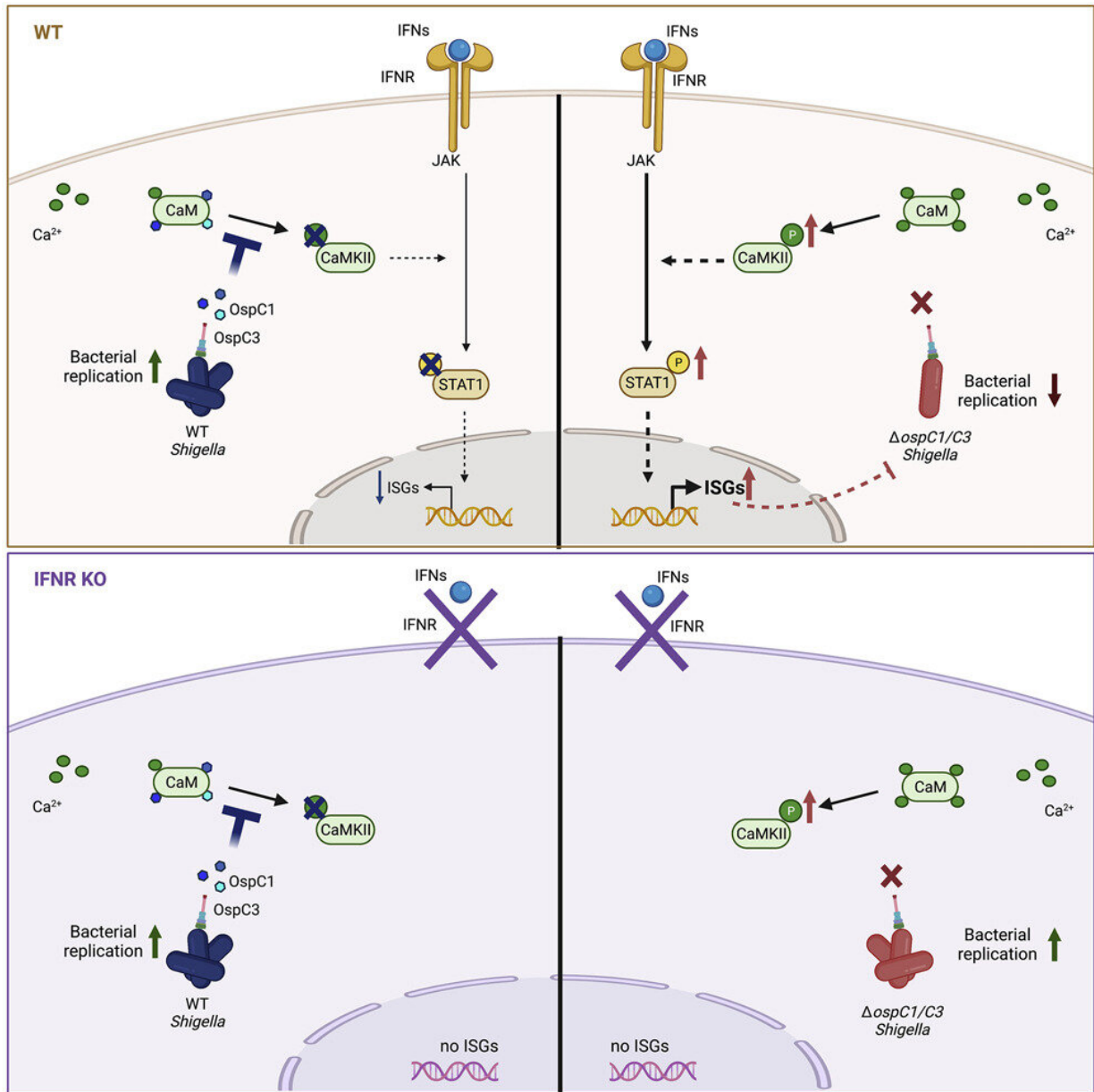


# Bacteria that cause dysentery also actively block body's ability to fight the infection

May 13 2022



Graphical abstract. *Cell* (2022). DOI: 10.1016/j.cell.2022.04.028

Bacterial infections, such as dysentery caused by *Shigella*, are responsible for millions of deaths each year, but whether these bacteria are also able to interfere with the body's ability to fight the infection was previously unknown.

Researchers from the Schools of Immunology & Microbial Sciences and Basic & Medical Biosciences at King's have shed light on the [molecular process](#) by which bacteria prevent [cells](#) from recognizing impending [infection](#).

During infections, the cells which make up our body's first line of defense release "interferons." These warn neighboring cells and prepare them to fight off an incoming infection. Many viruses—including SARS-CoV2—have evolved proteins which inhibit normal interferon functions to infect us and spread within the population.

The study, published today in *Cell*, found that *Shigella* inject proteins into host cells termed "OspCs" that block the host interferon response. This allows *Shigella* to successfully infect the host.

Interestingly, OspCs blocked interferon signaling by preventing cells from adapting to changing concentrations of calcium—a molecular signal that usually warns a cell of infection and damage.

This is a newly identified strategy to trick our [immune system](#) and prevent us from mounting an effective immune response to infection by decoding host calcium signals.

"This study was another perfect example of how studying pathogens can

not only lead to a better understanding of infectious processes, but can also reveal the complexity of host responses to infection," says Dr Charlotte Odendall

The researchers assert that these observations may open the door to the development of new treatments for bacterial infections.

**More information:** Noémie Alphonse et al, A family of conserved bacterial virulence factors dampens interferon responses by blocking calcium signaling, *Cell* (2022). [DOI: 10.1016/j.cell.2022.04.028](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2022.04.028)

Provided by King's College London

Citation: Bacteria that cause dysentery also actively block body's ability to fight the infection (2022, May 13) retrieved 3 May 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2022-05-bacteria-dysentery-block-body-ability.html>

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