

## Water fluoridation is effective prevention for tooth decay and a win for the environment

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Trinity College Dublin researchers collaborating with University College London have demonstrated for the first time the low environmental footprint of water fluoridation compared to other preventive measures



for tooth decay. The study is published in the British Dental Journal.

Water fluoridation is regarded as one of the most significant public health interventions of the twentieth century. But as the <u>climate crisis</u> worsens, the contribution of healthcare and the prevention of disease to the crisis must be considered. Action is urgent.

Influenced by this urgency, researchers quantified the <u>environmental</u> <u>impact</u> of water fluoridation for an individual five year-old child over a one-year period and compared this to the traditional use of fluoride varnish and toothbrushing programs, which take place in selected schools across the UK, and internationally.

Today, over 35% of the world's population have access to water fluoridation, with studies showing significant reductions in dental caries. Whilst data on the clinical effectiveness and cost analysis of water fluoridation are available, there has been no data regarding its environmental impact up to now.

To quantify this impact, the research team performed a Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) by carefully measuring the combined travel, the weight and amounts of all products and the processes involved in all three preventive programs (toothbrushing, fluoride varnish programs and water fluoridation). Data was inputted into a specific environmental program (OpenLCA) and the team used the Ecoinvent database, enabling them to calculate environmental outputs, including the carbon footprint, the amount of water used for each product and the amount of land use.

The results of the study, led by Brett Duane, associate professor in dental public health at Trinity College, concluded that water fluoridation had the lowest environmental impact in all categories studied, and had the lowest disability-adjusted life years impact when compared to all other



community-level caries prevention programs. The study also found that water fluoridation gives the greatest return on investment.

Considering the balance between <u>clinical effectiveness</u>, <u>cost</u> <u>effectiveness</u> and <u>environmental sustainability</u>, researchers believe that water fluoridation should be the preventive intervention of choice. This research strengthens the case internationally for <u>water fluoridation</u> programs to reduce dental decay, especially in the most vulnerable populations.

**More information:** Brett Duane et al, The environmental impact of community caries prevention—part 3: water fluoridation, *British Dental Journal* (2022). DOI: 10.1038/s41415-022-4251-5

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