

## Screening programs for childhood hearing loss need to be improved, thesis shows

October 11 2022



Allison Mackey's newborn daughter Elise has her hearing screening. Credit: Allison Mackey

Screening programs for childhood hearing loss need to become better at collecting data and measuring outcomes in order to increase quality, such



as improving the percentage of follow-ups, a new thesis from Karolinska Institutet reports.

One in 500 <u>infants</u> have a <u>permanent hearing loss</u>, which can affect the development of their spoken language. Spoken language sets the stage for reading, social communication and education.

"A delay in <u>language development</u> can have lifetime consequences, and it is therefore vital that infants and children with hearing loss receive intervention as early as possible," says Allison Mackey, who recently completed her <u>doctoral thesis</u> under the supervision of Inger Uhlén at the Department of Clinical Science, Intervention and Technology, Karolinska Institutet.

## Lack of data collection

The thesis evaluated, among other things, how well the childhood hearing screening programs were performing as well as the strategies used to improve their outcome.

"For example, we carried out an international survey about the status of screening programs in both high- and <u>middle-income countries</u> in Europe, as part of a large multicenter project," Allison Mackey says. "It showed that most <u>high-income countries</u> perform newborn hearing screening on all infants, however, only a few middle-income countries had similar programs. We also found that in most countries, data were not available regarding the outcomes of the screening program."

## Important to improve follow-ups

The thesis also shows that loss to follow-up is one area of particular concern.



"In many programs around the world, a high percentage of infants, who do not pass screening, are not returning for a follow-up assessment," Allison Mackey says. "This could be due to a number of factors, but we could see for example that the experience and knowledge of personnel involved in the screening program has an impact on the statistics.".

The passing criteria used for screening are important determinants for program sensitivity. Stricter criteria will lead to more babies with hearing loss being detected in the screening program.

"Though, unfortunately, the lack of data across many programs makes it difficult to evaluate the quality of screening programs," Allison Mackey says. "If <u>decision-makers</u> want to address issues such as loss to follow-up, they first need to know the status quo. Therefore, the very first step toward improving a screening program is to set up processes for collecting data, and regularly monitoring and evaluating outcomes."

**More information:** Perspectives on screening strategies for early detection of childhood hearing impairment, Allison Mackey, 2022, ISBN: 978-91-8016-729-1

## Provided by Karolinska Institutet

Citation: Screening programs for childhood hearing loss need to be improved, thesis shows (2022, October 11) retrieved 6 May 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2022-10-screening-childhood-loss-thesis.html">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2022-10-screening-childhood-loss-thesis.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.