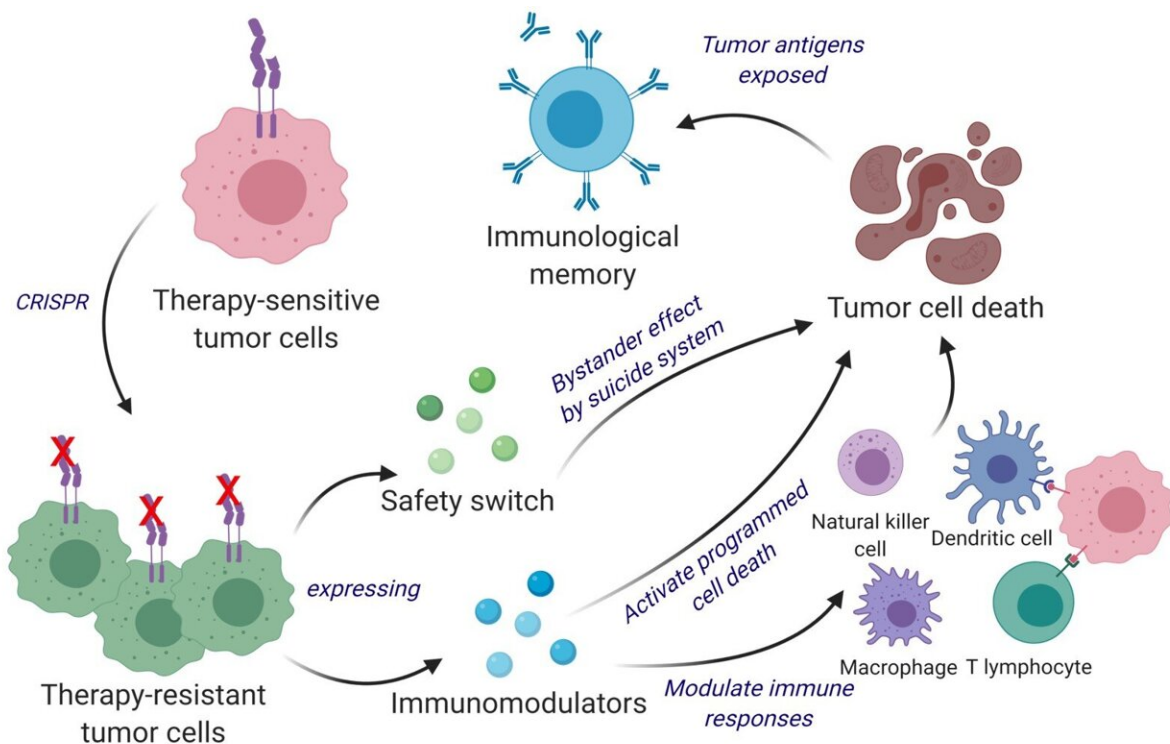


# Scientists develop a cancer vaccine to simultaneously kill and prevent brain cancer

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Scientists developed a bifunctional therapeutic strategy by transforming living tumor cells into a therapeutic. Shah's team engineered living tumor cells using the gene editing tool CRISPR-Cas9 and repurposed them to release tumor cell killing agent. In addition, the engineered tumor cells were designed to express factors that would make them easy for the immune system to spot, tag and remember, priming the immune system for a long-term anti-tumor response. The team tested their repurposed CRISPR-enhanced and reverse-engineered therapeutic tumor cells (ThTC) in different mice strains including the one that bore bone marrow, liver and thymus cells derived from humans, mimicking the

human immune microenvironment. Shah's team also built a two-layered safety switch into the cancer cell, which, when activated, eradicates ThTCs if needed. Credit: Kok Siong Chen and Khalid Shah.

Scientists are harnessing a new way to turn cancer cells into potent, anti-cancer agents. In the latest work from the lab of Khalid Shah, MS, Ph.D., at Brigham and Women's Hospital, a founding member of the Mass General Brigham healthcare system, investigators have developed a new cell therapy approach to eliminate established tumors and induce long-term immunity, training the immune system so that it can prevent cancer from recurring. The team tested their dual-action, cancer-killing vaccine in an advanced mouse model of the deadly brain cancer glioblastoma, with promising results. Findings are published in *Science Translational Medicine*.

"Our team has pursued a simple idea: to take cancer cells and transform them into cancer killers and vaccines," said corresponding author Khalid Shah, MS, Ph.D., director of the Center for Stem Cell and Translational Immunotherapy (CSTI) and the vice chair of research in the Department of Neurosurgery at the Brigham and faculty at Harvard Medical School and Harvard Stem Cell Institute (HSCI). "Using gene engineering, we are repurposing [cancer cells](#) to develop a therapeutic that kills [tumor](#) cells and stimulates the immune system to both destroy primary tumors and prevent cancer."

Cancer vaccines are an active area of research for many labs, but the approach that Shah and his colleagues have taken is distinct. Instead of using inactivated tumor cells, the team repurposes living tumor cells, which possess an unusual feature. Like homing pigeons returning to roost, living tumor cells will travel long distances across the brain to return to the site of their fellow tumor cells. Taking advantage of this

unique property, Shah's team engineered living tumor cells using the gene editing tool CRISPR-Cas9 and repurposed them to release tumor cell killing agent. In addition, the engineered tumor cells were designed to express factors that would make them easy for the immune system to spot, tag and remember, priming the [immune system](#) for a long-term anti-tumor response.

The team tested their repurposed CRISPR-enhanced and reverse-engineered therapeutic [tumor cells](#) (ThTC) in different mice strains including the one that bore [bone marrow](#), liver and thymus [cells](#) derived from humans, mimicking the human immune microenvironment. Shah's team also built a two-layered safety switch into the cancer cell, which, when activated, eradicates ThTCs if needed. This dual-action cell therapy was safe, applicable, and efficacious in these models, suggesting a roadmap toward therapy. While further testing and development is needed, Shah's team specifically chose this model and used [human cells](#) to smooth the path of translating their findings for patient settings.

"Throughout all of the work that we do in the Center, even when it is highly technical, we never lose sight of the patient," said Shah. "Our goal is to take an innovative but translatable approach so that we can develop a therapeutic, [cancer](#)-killing vaccine that ultimately will have a lasting impact in medicine." Shah and colleagues note that this therapeutic strategy is applicable to a wider range of solid tumors and that further investigations of its applications are warranted.

**More information:** Kok-Siong Chen et al, Bifunctional cancer cell-based vaccine concomitantly drives direct tumor killing and antitumor immunity, *Science Translational Medicine* (2023). [DOI: 10.1126/scitranslmed.abo4778](#).  
[www.science.org/doi/10.1126/scitranslmed.abo4778](http://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/scitranslmed.abo4778)

Provided by Brigham and Women's Hospital

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