

Community-based program improves health care for new mothers

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A community-based program called extending Maternal Care After Pregnancy (eMCAP) is operated through a partnership between UT Southwestern Medical Center and Parkland Health. Credit: UT Southwestern

Women with chronic hypertension and diabetes who were enrolled in an award-winning program for 12 months after childbirth were more likely to keep follow-up health care visits, which in turn led to improved care, according to initial findings of the program published in *The Joint Commission Journal on Quality and Patient Safety*.

The community-based program called extending Maternal Care After Pregnancy (eMCAP) is operated through a partnership between UT



Southwestern Medical Center and Parkland Health. It addresses <u>health</u> <u>care disparities</u> and access to care for mothers who gave birth at Parkland Memorial Hospital, which has one of the highest delivery rates in the country.

"The <u>postpartum period</u> represents a critical opportunity to understand and improve short- and <u>long-term health</u> by serving as a window to future health," said David B. Nelson, M.D., Associate Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Division Chief of Maternal-Fetal Medicine at UT Southwestern, Medical Director of Maternal-Fetal Medicine at Parkland Health, and corresponding author of the study.

"The eMCAP program centers on health equity and has demonstrated improvement in attendance and quality of postpartum care for women living in underserved areas."

The U.S. has the highest maternal mortality rate of any developed nation, and non-Hispanic Black women are three times more likely to die during and after pregnancy than white women. More than half of the pregnancy-related deaths in the country occur in the 12 months following birth, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Among the reasons cited are a lack of access to care, a missed or delayed diagnosis, and a failure to recognize warning signs.

Since its inception in October 2020, the eMCAP program has helped more than 3,000 women in southern Dallas County, many of whom had <u>chronic hypertension</u> and diabetes mellitus.

The study compared mothers from Parkland with others living outside the target region who were provided standard-of-care referrals to primary care services. Follow-up postpartum attendance for women enrolled in eMCAP was significantly better than the control group. Patients with hypertension, for instance, were seen more often at two



weeks, one month, three months, six months, nine months, and 12 months compared with those not in the program. Those with <u>diabetes</u> <u>mellitus</u> had significantly better follow-up at two weeks, one month, and three months compared with those not in the program.

In addition, patients in eMCAP with abnormal mental health screenings were successfully referred for <u>behavioral therapy</u> and completed sessions with licensed mental health counselors, according to UTSW.

The program includes advanced practice providers, community health workers, virtual visits, and a mobile health unit deployed to address health concerns. The eMCAP program also utilizes patient feedback; culturally appropriate services, which include using the patient's preferred language; linked electronic data; and features related to social determinants of health to improve outcomes.

"Given the high rates of maternal morbidity and mortality, it is critical to identify strategies to improve health outcomes—especially in the postpartum period, which is the time of highest risk," said Catherine Spong, M.D., Chair and Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology at UT Southwestern. "The eMCAP program demonstrates that improving health outcomes, even in those with the greatest need, is achievable."

In late 2022, the Department of Health and Human Services recognized eMCAP as one of 25 winners of Phase 1 of the HHS Racial Equity in Postpartum Care Challenge Award. The Joint Commission and National Quality Forum also cited the program's effectiveness with a 2022 John M. Eisenberg Award, which honors major achievements by individuals and organizations to improve patient safety and health care quality.

More information: David B. Nelson et al, Extending Maternal Care After Pregnancy: An Initiative to Address Health Care Disparities and Enhance Access to Care After Delivery, *The Joint Commission Journal*



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