

## Mechanical thrombectomy significantly improves patient outcomes and quality of life following a pulmonary embolism

May 19 2023



Credit: Unsplash/CC0 Public Domain

Six month outcomes from the FlowTriever All-Comer Registry for Patient Safety and Hemodynamics (FLASH) registry were presented



today as late-breaking clinical research at the Society for Cardiovascular Angiography & Interventions (SCAI) 2023 Scientific Sessions. The prospective multi-center study found that patients with pulmonary embolism (PE) who were treated with mechanical thrombectomy showed significant improvement in symptoms, quality of life and cardiac functions.

Pulmonary embolism, a blood clot that starts in a blood vessel in the body and travels to the lung, is the third leading cause of cardiovascular death after heart disease and stroke.

Survivors of PE often experience a decreased quality of life after treatment including persistent shortness of breath and a reduced capacity to exercise. Initial data shows the safety and effectiveness of long-bore thrombectomy, removal of blood clots using a mechanical catheter, for the treatment of PE rather than the current standard-of-care, anticoagulation along with the use of catheter-based interventions, but limited data exist on longer-term outcomes.

FLASH is a prospective, single-arm, multicenter registry of acute PE <u>patients</u> treated with the FlowTriever System (Inari Medical). Six-month clinical outcomes were assessed, including Modified Medical Research Council (Mmrc) dyspnea score, right ventricular (RV) function, 6-minute walk test (6MWT) distances, and PEmb Quality of Life (QoL) scores.

The trial enrolled 800 patients across 50 US sites, 54.1% were male and the mean age was 61.2 years. Thrombolytic contraindications were reported in 32.1% of patients, and 77.1% were classified as intermediate-high-risk and 8% as high-risk. Most patients (74.8%) completed all study visits through a six-month follow-up.

In 599 patients who completed a six-month follow-up, multiple



statistically significant functional and clinical improvements were reported during the study period.

## Findings show:

- The proportion of patients with normal echocardiographic RV function increased from 15.1% pre-thrombectomy to 95.1% and 94% had normal pulmonary artery pressures.
- All-cause mortality was 0.3% at the 48-hr visit, 0.8% at the 30-day visit, and 4.6% at study exit (median = 199 days post-treatment).
- Patient exercise tolerance and symptoms also improved significantly after treatment. The distance a patient can walk in six minutes increased from 180 meters at 48 hours post treatment to 398 meters.
- Median mMRC dyspnea score improved from 3.0 at baseline to 0.0 (P

Citation: Mechanical thrombectomy significantly improves patient outcomes and quality of life following a pulmonary embolism (2023, May 19) retrieved 23 May 2024 from <a href="https://medicalxpress.com/news/2023-05-mechanical-thrombectomy-significantly-patient-outcomes.html">https://medicalxpress.com/news/2023-05-mechanical-thrombectomy-significantly-patient-outcomes.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.