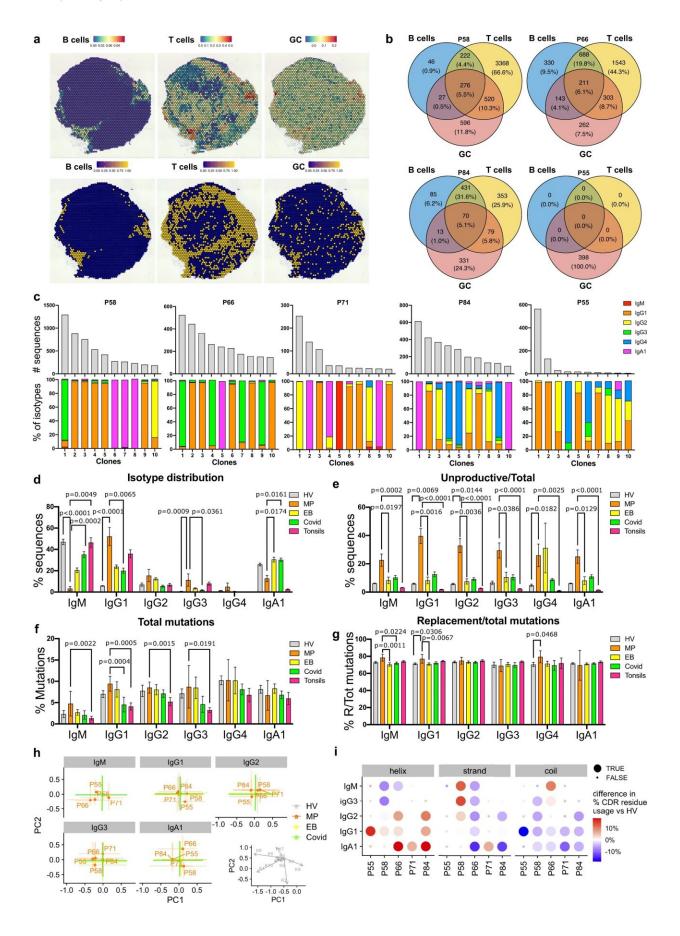


Study uncovers how B cells react to skin cancer

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Spatial transcriptomic coupled with high throughput intratumoral antibody repertoire analyses suggest an active but aberrant B cell response. a Representative image of spatial transcriptomic deconvolution of B cells, T cells and B cell germinal center (GC) signatures. Top panels, signature score per spot; bottom panels, binarized values using 50% (B cells and T cells) and 85% (GC) threshold. b Venn diagrams representing the number of spots with B cells, T cells or GC signatures and their combinations. c Bar chart representing the absolute number of sequences (top panels) and the proportion of isotypes in the top 10 clones (bottom panels) showing CSR, per tumor. **d**–**g** Bar charts representing: d isotype distribution; e % of unproductive sequences; and f % of total mutations, and g % of replacement/total mutations in the V region of unique sequences from melanoma patients' tumor (MP, n = 5) compared to healthy volunteers' blood (HV, n = 9), ebola patient (EB, n = 12), SARS-CoV-2 patient (COVID-19, n = 16) and healthy tonsils (Tonsils, n = 8) repertoires. Statistical significance was calculated with non-parametric ANOVA compared to MP. Error bars SEM of biologically independent samples. h Principal component analysis (PCA) of heavy chain CDR3 characteristics in terms of Kidera factors. Dots depict median PC1/2 and colored lines depict inter-quartile range. i Comparison of the proportion of α -helical, β -strand and coil amino acid structures in the CDR3 sequences of the MP compared to HV repertoire data. P

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