

Researchers discover resistance to liver cancer treatment

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Liver cancer is the fourth deadliest cancer in Hawai'i, particularly affecting Native Hawaiian, Filipino and Japanese men. Patients can develop liver failure when tumors metastasize or spread to the healthy portions of the liver which results in a rapid decline of health and even death.

Currently, immunotherapy is the standard of care for patients with <u>liver</u> <u>cancer</u>. However, while newer immunotherapy medications, which use a person's immune system to fight cancer, can slow the spread in many types of cancers, <u>liver tumors</u> often do not respond. University of Hawai'i Cancer Center researcher Benjamin Green led a team to conduct public impact research and published a study aimed to better understand why this happens.

"Sometimes, immunotherapy can cause the generation of pro-cancer immune cells called regulatory T cells or "Tregs," Green explained.

Using cutting-edge sequencing technology, Green and his team performed the most comprehensive analysis of liver Tregs to date in mice that received immunotherapy. They discovered that the Tregs in the liver that expressed a CD29 protein were more immunosuppressive, and increased in abundance when mice were treated with immunotherapy.

Regardless of the type of cancer that was placed into a mouse's liver, immunotherapy nearly doubled the quantity of CD29+ Tregs. Although the CD29 protein is understudied in Tregs, it likely has an impact on controlling the Treg population in the liver.



"Our results may be applicable to a range of liver diseases. In liver cancer, we think that CD29 may represent a new potential drug target to help patients respond to immunotherapy," said Green. "We will determine whether these Tregs can be killed to improve <u>immunotherapy</u> of liver cancer."

Investigating liver cancer in local patients

Green is partnering with <u>data scientists</u> and molecular pathologists at the UH Mānoa John A. Burns School of Medicine, as well as liver cancer doctors at The Queen's Medical Center, to examine a number of liver tumors removed from Hawaiian and non-Hawaiian patients to see if they contain different percentages of CD29+ Tregs.

"I am grateful to the UH Cancer Center and the patients in Hawai'i that have enabled me to continue this important research," he said. "Working together, I believe that we will contribute to designing more effective medications for future <u>patients</u> suffering from liver cancers."

The research is <u>published</u> in the journal *Gut*.

More information: Benjamin L Green et al, Immunosuppressive CD29+Treg accumulation in the liver in mice on checkpoint inhibitor therapy, *Gut* (2023). DOI: 10.1136/gutjnl-2023-330024

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