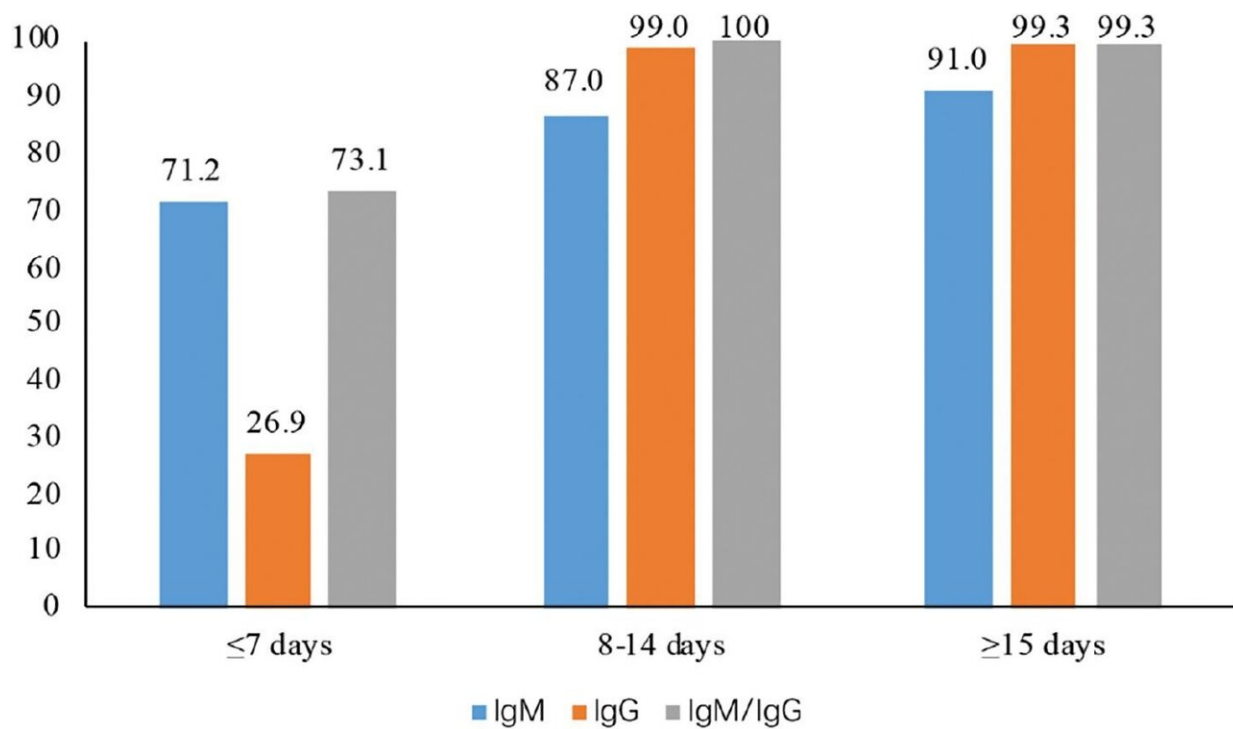


SARS-CoV-2 igM and igG antibody detection using a colloidal gold immunochromatography assay

December 1 2023



The positive immunochromatography assay rate in different subgroups. Credit: *Zoonoses* (2023). DOI: 10.15212/ZOONOSES-2023-0020

The COVID-19 pandemic, which was caused by SARS-CoV-2, has had a significant effect on global public health, economies, and societies worldwide. Serum antibody testing is a critical method for the diagnosis

of COVID-19 and can complement RT-PCR in the diagnosis of COVID-19 patients; however, the performance of rapid antibody assays in the clinical setting has not been established.

Rapid antibody assays were evaluated by investigating 296 COVID-19-positive individuals and 542 negative individuals confirmed by [clinical diagnosis](#). The clinical diagnostic results were used as controls to evaluate the sensitivity, specificity, [positive predictive value](#) (PPV), negative predictive value (NPV), kappa, and 95% confidence interval (CI) of the rapid tests. The work is [published](#) in the journal *Zoonoses*.

IgM-positivity had a sensitivity of 86.1% and specificity of 99.1%. IgG-positivity had a sensitivity of 86.5% and specificity of 98.7%. The sensitivity of combined IgM- and IgG-positivity in clinically confirmed patients was 73.1% in the early stage (1–7 days after symptom onset) and reached 99% 15 days after symptom onset. The concordance between rapid antibody-positive tests and clinical diagnosis-positivity had a kappa value of 0.93. In addition, the false-positive rate of IgM and IgG combined nucleic acid detection was 30% in the early stage.

The combined use of IgM and IgG could serve as a more suitable alternative detection method for patients with COVID-19. The rapid antibody test can be considered as an excellent supplementary approach for detecting SARS-CoV-2 in [clinical application](#).

More information: Lipeng Liu et al, Clinical Application of SARS-CoV-2 IgM and IgG Antibody Detection Using the Colloidal Gold Immunochromatography Assay, *Zoonoses* (2023). [DOI: 10.15212/ZOONOSES-2023-0020](#)

Provided by Compuscript Ltd

Citation: SARS-CoV-2 igM and igG antibody detection using a colloidal gold immunochromatography assay (2023, December 1) retrieved 29 April 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2023-12-sars-cov-igm-igg-antibody-colloidal.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.