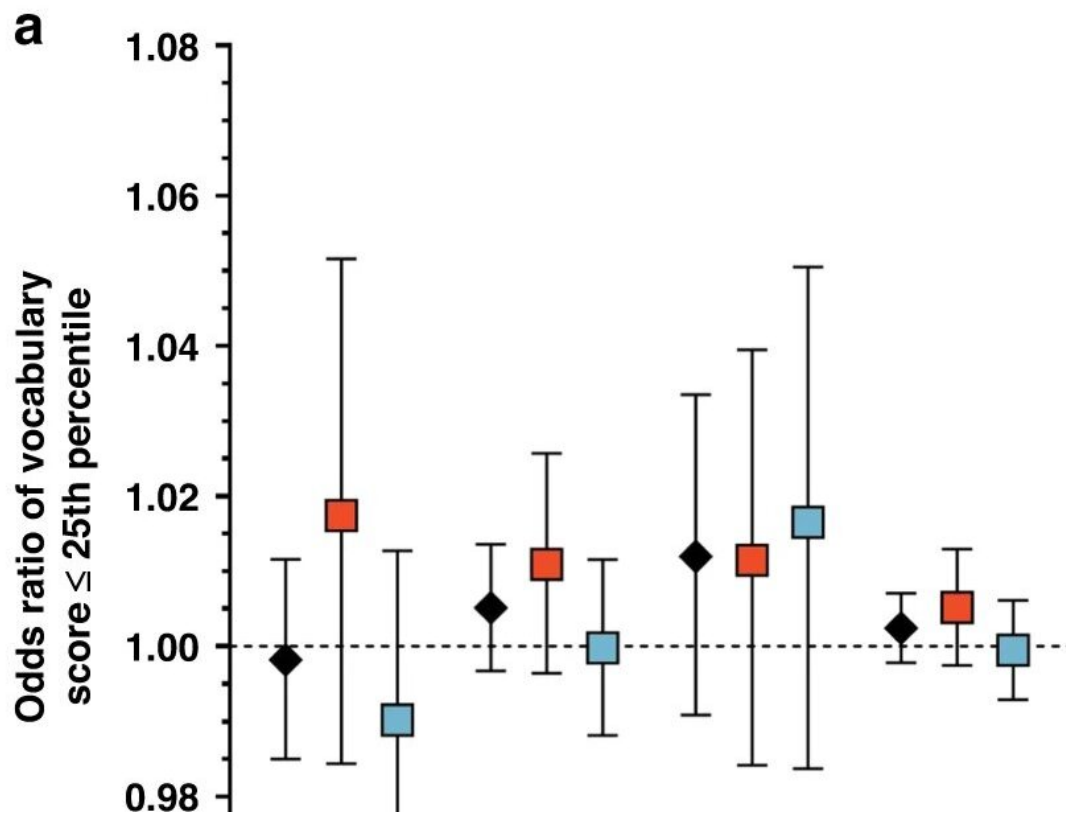


Higher acetaminophen intake in pregnancy linked to attention deficits in young children

January 16 2024, by Diana Yates



Odds of CDI scores \leq 25th percentile in relation to prenatal acetaminophen exposure^a. Odds ratios and 95% confidence intervals for the relationship of prenatal acetaminophen exposure and (a) vocabulary size, (b) mean length of three longest utterances (M3L), and (c) complexity \leq 25th percentile measured using the CDI at 26.5–28.5 months. The number of times acetaminophen was taken was not related to the odds of children having vocabulary scores \leq 25th percentile. However, the number of times acetaminophen was taken during the third trimester was associated with slightly increased odds of male children

having M3L and complexity scores ≤ 25 th percentile. ^aModels were adjusted for maternal parity (nulliparous vs. ≥ 1), maternal education (

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