

Finding joy in the little things really can benefit well-being—a scientist explains

February 15 2024, by Jolanta Burke



Credit: Pixabay/CC0 Public Domain

Find joy in the little things. This piece of folk advice has been around for eons, and is one that many of us try to live by. But is there actually any real benefit to this practice?



According to research, yes, there is indeed some benefit to savoring fleeting moments of joy—also known as "micro-joys." Whether that's relishing a cup of coffee, performing an act of kindness or enjoying a funny video, finding joy in the little things not only has many temporary benefits, but research shows it can also be an investment in long-term well-being.

On a physiological level, engaging in micro-joys can improve our <u>vagal</u> <u>tone</u>. This is important, as the vagus nerve is responsible for our body's autopilot system, which regulates the processes we don't have to think about—such as our heart rate, digestion and breathing. The <u>vagus nerve</u> is also linked to <u>mood and anxiety disorders</u>, and <u>regulating stress</u>, so the more stimulated it is the better off you may be.

On a social level, positive emotions can improve relationships and potentially lead to <u>positivity resonance</u>—a momentary connection between people that enhances <u>health</u>, <u>increases life-span</u> and <u>meaning in life</u>.

Experiencing positive emotions not only boosts momentary happiness, but it also helps us to <u>develop qualities</u> such as optimism and resilience, which can help protect against distress and poor mental health in the future.

The critical question then arises of how many micro-joys we need to experience daily in order to see these kinds of benefits.

<u>Some studies</u> suggest a magic number: five positive emotions to one negative emotion for optimal well-being. So for every one negative emotion you experience in a day (such as sadness, anger and frustration), you would need to have five <u>positive emotions</u> (such as joy, hope or optimism) to balance things out and live a good life.



However, not all experts agree with this ratio—with some <u>criticizing the</u> <u>algorithm</u> used to develop it. Nevertheless, most research seems to agree that the <u>more positive emotions</u> you experience per day, the better.

So, embracing micro-joys may indeed serve as a foundational strategy for improving overall well-being. Even engaging in just a few daily micro-joys can not only contribute to momentary happiness, it also helps develop our <u>self-regulation</u>. This is our ability to manage impulses in order to achieve a goal or establish a habit.

Better <u>self-regulation</u> has a ripple effect on <u>various aspects of our lives</u> —such as preventing addiction or self-defeating behaviors (including procrastination, blame and perfectionism). Making time to do even just small, personal tasks such as making lists, tracking daily budgets and even working on your posture each day can help <u>strengthen your self-regulation</u> and ward off against failures.

Finding micro-joy

If you're keen to see whether practicing micro-joys will benefit you, there are a few key things to know.

First, research suggests that some people's genetics may make them more likely to benefit from micro-joys than others. Studies show that people who are highly sensitive to their environment may <u>disproportionately benefit</u> from engaging in positive activities, such as micro-joys.

So if you're someone who tends to be acutely aware of the subtleties around you or find you become deeply emotional when engaging with art or music, you may find micro-joys to be highly effective for your well-being.



Another key aspect of micro-joys is the fact that they center on cultivating moments of pure joy—not happiness. This is important, as studies have found that the pursuit of happiness can be counterproductive, potentially leading to <u>diminished well-being</u> and <u>heightened loneliness</u>. While happiness is a state that people aim to achieve, joy encompasses the processes that may result in happiness.

Celebrating fleeting moments of joy can be so good for us because these moments champion the journey of infusing our lives with greater enjoyment and focus on <u>prioritizing positivity</u>—rather than focusing on whether we're happy or not.

Here are a few ways you can practice finding joy in the little things:

- 1. Change your routine. Trying adding a 10-minute burst of joy into your normal morning, afternoon or evening routine which can give you a moment of delight to look forward to. For example, savoring a cup of tea.
- 2. Look out for moments of humor. Humor can be a great way to find joy each day. But if you find it hard to see joy in your day, try to imagine how your favorite comedian might hilariously interpret the events of your day.
- 3. Be spontaneous. Challenge your routine by introducing spontaneity into your day—even if you're typically a meticulous planner. Embrace the unexpected—even if just for a rejuvenating, five-minute break to call a friend you haven't spoken with in a while.
- 4. Pursue moments of connection and shared laughter with strangers, neighbor or acquaintances. Strengthening these social bonds can add a joy to your day.



5. Pause and appreciate. Taking regular breaks to savor the simple act of being alive throughout your day can bring a renewed sense of mindfulness and gratitude that result in joy. For example, listen to the birds singing, or allow yourself to laugh out loud when someone says something funny.

Engaging in small moments of joy daily holds the potential to elevate both short- and long-term well-being for many—though for some the impact of these activities will be more subtle than for others.

This article is republished from <u>The Conversation</u> under a Creative Commons license. Read the <u>original article</u>.

Provided by The Conversation

Citation: Finding joy in the little things really can benefit well-being—a scientist explains (2024, February 15) retrieved 9 May 2024 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2024-02-joy-benefit-scientist.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.