

Severe morning sickness: New research explores diagnosis and treatment

April 15 2024



Credit: Unsplash/CC0 Public Domain

Severe morning sickness in pregnancy, known medically as hyperemesis gravidarum, can negatively affect both maternal and infant health. A review published in *Canadian Medical Association Journal* provides

information to clinicians on the causes, diagnosis, and treatment of the condition.

Although nausea and vomiting are common in pregnancy, affecting as many as 70% of pregnancies, severe vomiting and nausea can prevent people from eating and drinking sufficiently, leading to weight loss and dehydration.

"[Hyperemesis gravidarum] can have detrimental effects on maternal quality of life and may lead to short- and long-term [adverse outcomes](#) among offspring," writes Dr. Larissa Jansen, Amsterdam Reproduction and Development Research Institute, Erasmus MC, Rotterdam, the Netherlands, with co-authors.

"Management of hyperemesis gravidarum requires considerable health care resources, as it is a common reason for hospital admission and emergency department visits in the first trimester."

The cause of hyperemesis gravidarum is not completely understood, but [risk factors](#) include pregnancy at a young age, female fetus, multiple or molar pregnancy, underlying [medical conditions](#), and history of the condition during previous pregnancies.

Treatment is aimed at relieving symptoms and includes starting an antiemetic (anti-nausea) drug and other medications if the antiemetic is not effective. Remedies such as ginger products may alleviate mild nausea and vomiting for some people, but the evidence on its effectiveness in people with hyperemesis gravidarum is uncertain.

The authors caution against using cannabis for hyperemesis gravidarum.

"Use of cannabis in pregnancy has been associated with adverse neurocognitive outcomes in offspring, as well as other adverse pregnancy

outcomes. Therefore, we advise against the use of cannabis in pregnancy."

The authors note that there are many unanswered questions about how to prevent and manage [hyperemesis gravidarum](#) and that more research is needed.

More information: Diagnosis and treatment of hyperemesis gravidarum, *Canadian Medical Association Journal* (2024). [DOI: 10.1503/cmaj.221502](#)

Provided by Canadian Medical Association Journal

Citation: Severe morning sickness: New research explores diagnosis and treatment (2024, April 15) retrieved 21 May 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2024-04-severe-morning-sickness-explores-diagnosis.html>

<p>This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.</p>
--