

Novel radiotracer rapidly detects gastrointestinal cancer biomarker, identifies patients for targeted therapy

June 6 2024



(A) Patient 9 was woman with advanced gastric cancer whose CLDN18.2 expression level was 40%, 2+. Left pleural metastatic nodule (blue arrow) and thickened peritoneum (white arrow) did not show obvious uptake on ¹⁸F-FDG



PET/CT, whereas ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH PET/CT showed high uptake (SUV_{max}, 3.1 [red arrow] and 5.7 [green arrow]). (B) Patient 4 was man with colon cancer whose CLDN18.2 expression level was 40%, 3+. On ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT, abdominal metastatic lymph node (white arrow) showed mild uptake, whereas same lymph nodes on ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH PET/CT (blue arrow) showed high uptake (SUVmax, 1.4 vs. 5.6). Credit: *Journal of Nuclear Medicine* (2024). DOI: 10.2967/jnumed.123.267110

A new PET radiotracer enables same-day imaging of the important gastrointestinal cancer biomarker known as Claudin18.2 (CLDN18.2). Uptake of the radiotracer, ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH, was found to correlate significantly with CLDN18.2 expression, a promising finding that could allow oncologists to optimize treatment for patients and monitor their response.

The <u>research</u> was published in the June issue of the *Journal of Nuclear Medicine*.

Gastrointestinal cancers are one of the most common types of cancer across the globe, accounting for more than a quarter of the total cancer incidence and more than one-third of cancer-related deaths each year. Early symptoms can be deceptive, and most gastrointestinal cancers are diagnosed at an <u>advanced stage</u> often leading to a <u>poor prognosis</u> and increased mortality.

The protein CLDN18.2 is highly expressed in <u>gastrointestinal cancers</u> and several forms of CDLN18.2-targeted therapies are currently undergoing clinical trials. There is no standard test for CLDN18.2, however, and most <u>detection methods</u> involve immunohistochemistry, an invasive process that covers only a small amount of tissue and does not reflect the heterogeneity of CLDN18.2 expression in tumors.



"The detection of CLDN18.2 <u>expression levels</u> is essential for identifying patients who can benefit from targeted therapies," said Hua Zhu, Ph.D., professor at Peking University Cancer Hospital in Beijing, China. "In this study, we developed a CLDN18.2-targeting radiotracer and conducted whole-body PET imaging to determine its ability to detect the biomarker."

Researchers first synthesized the radiotracer ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH and performed preclinical evaluations on human gastrointestinal cancer cell lines and mouse models. Next, 11 patients underwent whole-body ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH PET and ¹⁸F-FDG PET, and radiopharmaceutical biodistribution, radiation dosimetry, and the relationship between uptake and CLDN18.2 were evaluated.

⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH was stably prepared and demonstrated good radiochemical properties. The radiotracer exhibited rapid blood clearance, <u>high affinity</u> for CLDN18.2, and high specific uptake in CLDN18.2-positive cells and xenograft mouse models.

In patients, ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH displayed high uptake in the stomach and kidney and slight uptake in the pancreas. Compared with ¹⁸F-FDG, ⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH identified more lesions in the <u>lymph nodes</u> and peritoneum, the most common metastatic sites of advanced gastric cancer.

"⁶⁸Ga-NC-BCH PET is a safe, noninvasive imaging method for detecting CLDN18.2 expression in patients," said Zhu. "The rapid uptake of the radiotracer allows patients to complete the whole imaging workflow within one day, greatly increasing compliance and reducing radiation exposure. This can greatly help oncologists in making treatment decisions."

More information: Changsong Qi et al, 68Ga-NC-BCH Whole-Body PET Imaging Rapidly Targets Claudin18.2 in Lesions in Gastrointestinal



Cancer Patients, *Journal of Nuclear Medicine* (2024). DOI: 10.2967/jnumed.123.267110

Provided by Society of Nuclear Medicine

Citation: Novel radiotracer rapidly detects gastrointestinal cancer biomarker, identifies patients for targeted therapy (2024, June 6) retrieved 27 June 2024 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2024-06-radiotracer-rapidly-gastrointestinal-cancer-biomarker.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.