

## PTSD of mass shootings can haunt community members for years, research reveals

August 2 2024, by Ernie Mundell



Mass shootings and other traumatic events hit community members hard, with those closest to the incident often experiencing post-traumatic stress



disorder (PTSD) even years later, new research shows. The study was published July 26 in the journal <u>JAMA Network Open</u>.

"Outcomes of mass violence incidents in communities extend beyond direct survivors, including persistent PTSD in many adults" who live in those communities, concluded a team led by Angela Moreland, a professor of psychiatry at the Medical University of South Carolina in Charleston.

Her team looked at data from a 2020 survey taken of almost 6,000 adults. All had lived in one of six communities hit hard by a mass shooting that occurred between 2015 and 2019: Dayton, Ohio; El Paso, Texas; Parkland, Fla.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; San Bernadino, Calif.; and Virginia Beach, Va.

People were asked about their exposure to the event—whether they were actually on the scene or were close to someone who was. They were also asked questions aimed at assessing possible PTSD related to the event, as well as any other past traumatic events they'd experienced and how much social support they felt they were getting.

About one in five of those surveyed said they either personally experienced the shooting event or were close to someone who had.

About one in every four people surveyed did meet the criteria for PTSD experienced over the year prior to the <u>survey</u>, and 9% met the criteria for current PTSD, Moreland's group found.

Folks had a 66% and 82% greater odds of meeting criteria for past or current PTSD if they had direct or close exposure to the mass shooting event.

Women appeared to be more likely to have PTSD linked to such events,



and anyone with an experience of <u>traumatic events</u> prior to the shooting was also more prone to PTSD, the researchers found.

Low levels of "social support" also upped the risk.

Overall, the study suggests that people can experience psychological difficulties related to mass violence events in their communities, even if they weren't directly affected.

Therefore, "screening efforts for <u>mental health services</u> after mass violence incidents should not focus exclusively on those directly exposed," Moreland and her team advised.

More information: Learn the signs of PTSD at the <u>American</u> <u>Psychiatric Association</u>.

Moreland AD, Rancher C, Davies F, et al. Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Among Adults in Communities With Mass Violence Incidents. *JAMA Network Open*. (2024). DOI: 10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2024.23539

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