

## Asthma inhalers tied to large greenhouse gas emissions production

September 4 2024, by Lori Solomon



Inhaler devices are a substantial source of greenhouse gas emissions in the United States, according to a research letter <u>published</u> online Aug. 29 in the *Journal of the American Medical Association*.



Jyothi Tirumalasetty, M.D., from the Stanford University School of Medicine in California, and colleagues assessed mean emissions in 2022 for U.S. brand-name inhalers (metered-dose, dry powder, and soft-mist classes) prescribed to Medicare Part D and Medicaid beneficiaries using <u>inhaler</u> claims and cost data extracted from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) summary and statistics database.

The researchers found that mean estimated emissions per inhaler by device class were 23.1 kg of carbon dioxide equivalent ( $CO_2e$ ) for metered-dose inhalers (14 inhalers), 0.79 kg  $CO_2e$  for dry-powder inhalers (19 inhalers), and 0.78 kg  $CO_2e$  for soft-mist inhalers (4 inhalers), with 10 kg  $CO_2e$  equivalent to 41.2 km driven in an average gasoline-powered passenger vehicle.

The highest emissions per inhaler were seen for the <u>inhaled</u> <u>corticosteroid</u>, long-acting  $\beta$ -agonist, metered-dose inhaler Dulera (mometasone/formoterol; 48.1 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e) versus an analogous inhaled corticosteroid, long-acting  $\beta$ -agonist, <u>dry-powder</u> inhaler Advair Diskus (fluticasone/salmeterol; 0.898 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e emissions per inhaler). For shortacting  $\beta$ -agonist medications, Ventolin HFA (albuterol sulfate) had the highest emissions (28.7 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e per inhaler).

Overall, there were 69.8 million CMS inhaler claims in 2022, resulting in an estimated 1.15 million metric tons of  $CO_2e$  emissions, or the equivalent of 226,960 homes' yearly electricity use.

"Formulary choices that optimize clinical efficacy, <u>greenhouse gas</u> <u>emissions</u>, and affordability may improve patient outcomes and reduce climate pollution," the authors write.

**More information:** Jyothi Tirumalasetty et al, Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Costs of Inhaler Devices in the US, *JAMA* (2024). <u>DOI:</u> <u>10.1001/jama.2024.15331</u>



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