

Inhaled corticosteroids not linked to pneumonia in children

27 February 2017



[trials](#) showed no significant between-group difference in the risk of pneumonia (risk difference, ?0.1 percent; 95 percent CI, ?0.3 to 0.2 percent) using risk difference as effect measure. ICS was not significantly associated with the risk of pharyngitis, otitis media, or sinusitis (risk ratios, 1.01 [95 percent CI, 0.87 to 1.18], 1.07 [95 percent CI, 0.83 to 1.37], and 0.89 [95 percent CI, 0.76 to 1.05]).

"Regular use of ICS may not increase the risk of [pneumonia](#) or other respiratory infections in children with asthma," the authors write.

One author disclosed financial ties to the pharmaceutical industry.

More information: [Abstract/Full Text \(subscription or payment may be required\)](#)

(HealthDay)—Inhaled corticosteroids (ICS) do not appear to be associated with the risk of pneumonia in children with asthma, according to a review published online Feb. 24 in *Pediatrics*.

Copyright © 2017 [HealthDay](#). All rights reserved.

Cristine Cazeiro, B.S.N., from the Federal University of Rio Grande in Brazil, and colleagues examined the correlation between ICS use and [risk](#) of pneumonia and other respiratory infections among [children](#) with asthma. Thirty-nine randomized trials that compared ICS with placebo for at least four weeks were selected, of which 31 trials with 11,615 patients contributed data to meta-analyses.

The researchers found that the incidence of pneumonia was 0.58 and 1.51 percent, respectively, in the ICS and placebo groups. Based on a meta-analysis of nine trials that revealed at least one pneumonia event, the risk of pneumonia was reduced in patients taking ICS (risk ratio, 0.65; 95 percent confidence interval [CI], 0.44 to 0.94). The meta-analysis including all 31

APA citation: Inhaled corticosteroids not linked to pneumonia in children (2017, February 27) retrieved 13 April 2021 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2017-02-inhaled-corticosteroids-linked-pneumonia-children.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.