

# Low fitness is associated with larger waist size and higher degree of inflammation

January 17 2018

---



Tape measure. Credit: Quinn Dombrowski, Flickr

Low fitness is associated with a larger waist size and a higher degree of inflammation, according to a study published January 17, 2018 in the open-access journal *PLOS ONE* by Anne-Sophie Wedell-Neergaard from

the University of Copenhagen, Denmark, and colleagues.

Waist circumference can indicate the amount of excess fat found around the abdomen and previous studies have shown excess abdominal fat may increase the risk of chronic system inflammation and metabolic diseases. The authors of the present study sought to investigate the association between fitness and waist circumference as well as the association between fitness and low-grade inflammation, and whether there was a correlation with Body Mass Index (BMI).

The researchers analyzed the previously collected data of 10,976 individuals from The Danish National Health Examination Survey 2007-2008. These individuals took a [maximal oxygen uptake](#) (VO<sub>2</sub>max) test to assess their physical fitness. Their waist circumference, weight and height were measured, and blood samples were taken to measure their level of C-reactive protein, a nonspecific biomarker of low-grade inflammation.

The researchers found that higher levels of fitness were associated with a smaller [waist circumference](#) and a lower degree of inflammation independently of BMI. The researchers acknowledge that there are possible limitations that may affect the findings of the study, but overall the results suggest that increased fitness has the potential to reduce abdominal fat mass and inflammation which may improve metabolic health irrespective of BMI.

"We found that fitness is inversely associated with both abdominal adiposity and low-grade inflammation independent of BMI," says Wedell-Neergaard. "These results suggest that, regardless of BMI, high [fitness](#) levels lead to a reduction in abdominal fat mass and low-grade [inflammation](#)."

**More information:** *PLOS ONE* (2018). [DOI:](#)

[10.1371/journal.pone.0190645](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0190645)

Provided by Public Library of Science

Citation: Low fitness is associated with larger waist size and higher degree of inflammation (2018, January 17) retrieved 26 April 2024 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2018-01-larger-waist-size-higher-degree.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.