

Odds of death up with medium-, large-caliber firearms

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(HealthDay)—There is a correlation for firearm caliber with likelihood

of death from gunshot wounds, according to a study published online July 27 in *JAMA Network Open*.

Anthony A. Braga, Ph.D., from Northeastern University in Boston, and Philip J. Cook, Ph.D., from Duke University in Durham, N.C., conducted a cross-sectional study of data on shooting [cases](#) extracted from police investigation files for assaults. The victims sustained one or more [gunshot wounds](#) in circumstances that were deemed criminal. A total of 221 [gun homicides](#) and a stratified random sample of 300 nonfatal cases were included. The final sample included 511 gunshot victims and survivors (220 fatal and 291 nonfatal).

In 184 nonfatal cases and 183 fatal cases, police determined the firearm caliber. The researchers found that there was no systematic correlation for firearm caliber with the number of wounds, location of wounds, circumstances of assault, or victim characteristics. Compared with small-caliber cases, medium- and large-caliber cases had odds ratios of 2.25 and 4.54, respectively, for the likelihood of death. Replacing medium- and large-caliber guns with small-caliber guns would reduce gun homicides by 39.5 percent.

"Firearms caliber was associated with the likelihood of death from gunshot [wounds](#) in criminal assault," the authors write. "Shootings with larger-caliber handguns were more deadly but no more sustained or accurate than shootings with smaller-caliber handguns."

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