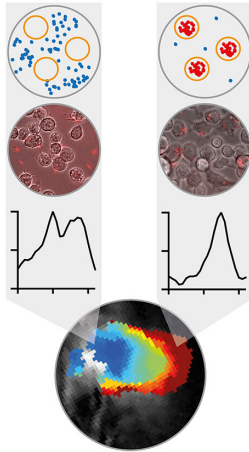


# Inside a tumor: Purple bacteria visualize 'big eaters'

14 March 2019



© HMGU

Change of optoacoustic signals of purple bacteria located outside (blue) and inside (red) of macrophages visualized via schematic (first row), microscopic (second row) and MSOT analysis (bottom). The change of MSOT spectra (third row) can be used to differentiate between *Rhodobacter* cells located inside and outside of macrophages and hence macrophage localization and activity. Credit: ©Helmholtz Zentrum München

Cancer presents an ongoing challenge for physicians, particularly in the diagnosis and treatment of the disease. This is due to tumor heterogeneity, among other things. A team of scientists from the Helmholtz Zentrum Muenchen, the Juelich Research Center, the Technical University of Munich and the Heinrich Heine University Duesseldorf has now shown that harmless purple bacteria of the genus *Rhodobacter* are capable of visualizing aspects of this heterogeneity in the tumors. With the aid of optoacoustic imaging, the researchers used these microorganisms to visualize cells of the immune system, so-called macrophages (Greek for "big eaters"), that also play a role in tumor development. Their research findings have now been published in *Nature Communications*.

Many cancers form solid tumors. Inside, such tumors reveal major differences at the cellular and molecular level. One of these concerns the localization and [activity](#) of macrophages. Although these cells are essential for a healthy immune system, they also play a key role in tumor development. With the aid of photosynthetic bacteria, new optoacoustic techniques, which indicate where such macrophages are present and active, have now been developed.

"We were able to demonstrate that bacteria of the genus *Rhodobacter*, which are harmless to humans, are suitable as indirect markers of macrophage presence and activity," says Dr. Andre C. Stiel, head of the Cell Engineering Group at the Institute of Biological and Medical Imaging (IBMI), Helmholtz Zentrum München. *Rhodobacter* bacteria produce large quantities of the photosynthetic pigment bacteriochlorophyll a. This pigment enabled the researchers to detect bacteria in a tumor by means of multispectral optoacoustic tomography (MSOT).

How does the principle work? Macrophages engulf bacteria as part of their natural scavenging activity, which is known as phagocytosis. This alters the surroundings of the bacteria, their absorption of electromagnetic radiation and, as a result, also the optoacoustic signal. *Rhodobacter* bacteria thus act like sensors for scientists, providing them with information about the presence and activity of macrophages.

"In further steps, these bacteria will enable novel approaches to non-invasive technologies and so open up entirely new possibilities for innovative diagnostic and therapeutic procedures," adds Dr. Thomas Drepper, who heads the Bacterial Photobiotechnology Group at Heinrich Heine University Duesseldorf. In future, [bacteria](#) may be able to reveal the location of a [tumor](#) and also detect increased macrophage activity. Depending on their localization, the [macrophages](#) could

provide information about unwelcome inflammations or the desired response to immunotherapies, and could ultimately be used to improve treatment strategies.

**More information:** Lena Peters et al, Phototrophic purple bacteria as optoacoustic in vivo reporters of macrophage activity, *Nature Communications* (2019). DOI: [10.1038/s41467-019-09081-5](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-09081-5)

Provided by Helmholtz Association of German Research Centres

APA citation: Inside a tumor: Purple bacteria visualize 'big eaters' (2019, March 14) retrieved 21 March 2019 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2019-03-tumor-purple-bacteria-visualize-big.html>

*This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.*