

## Genetic characteristics of peripheral artery disease

22 July 2019, by Matt Batcheldor



The illustration shows how PAD can affect arteries in the legs. Figure A shows a normal artery with normal blood flow. The inset image shows a cross-section of the normal artery. Figure B shows an artery with plaque buildup that is partially blocking blood flow. The inset image shows a cross-section of the narrowed artery. Credit: Jmarchn. Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 Unported, unedited.

participation, published July 8 in Nature Medicine, may help explain why. The research team studied the genetic characteristics of 31,300 people with PAD and identified 19 genetic markers, 18 of which were previously unreported.

The study includes contributions from Matthew Freiberg, MD, Dorothy and Laurence Grossman Chair in Cardiology and professor of Medicine; and Joshua Beckman, MD, MSc, professor of Medicine. For the study, the Vanderbilt participants created a tool that better defines who has the disease in order for other researchers to confirm the initial findings, Beckman said.

"What this says is that there may be genetic underpinnings as to why people will present with leg symptoms first rather than heart symptoms first," Beckman said.

Atherosclerosis, or an artery clogged with plague, is most often associated with heart attacks and strokes, but PAD is another common manifestation. It occurs when fatty deposits build up in the arteries supplying oxygen and blood to the legs and feet. The entire circulatory system, including the heart and brain, are at risk when arteries are blocked and narrowed. The reduced circulation in PAD is associated with limb problems ranging from pain with walking to amputation and requiring revascularization.

The study's scientists, eager to learn more about Peripheral artery disease (PAD)—a narrowing of the the potential genetic signatures of the condition,

arteries serving the legs and feet -affects as many found a unique resource in the Veteran's as 12 million Americans and 200 million people worldwide. It is a manifestation of clogged arteries, but until now, scientists lacked information about why some people with the disease presented with problems with their legs, some with their heart and some with strokes.

A large national study with significant Vanderbilt

Administrations Million Veteran Program.

Beckman said it provided the largest available biobank of people with PAD, including nearly 5,400 African American veterans and about 1,900 Hispanic veterans. It provided an additional 212,000 controls. It is "an unbelievable opportunity," he said.



Scientists analyzed the genetic signatures of those individuals and were able to replicate findings using the UK Biobank. Beckman and Freiberg were among 36 scientists from institutions around the country who participated in the study. Beckman said that the study, and further research, will help refine and create new medical therapies to combat the condition.

Provided by Vanderbilt University

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