Thousands will die and millions will suffer from humanitarian crisis of fuel poverty in UK, warn experts

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Led by Professor Sir Michael Marmot, Director of UCL Institute of Health Equity, with Professor Ian Sinha, Consultant respiratory Pediatrician at Alder Hey Children's Hospital, Liverpool, the review links the "dangerous consequences" of living in a cold home to a child's health and future life expectancy.

In publishing the report, Sir Michael warns fuel poverty has a damaging and significant consequence for health, with thousands losing their lives unnecessarily and health inequalities widening, making the government's attempt to "level up" even harder to achieve:

"Warm homes, nutritious food and a stable job are vital building blocks for health. In addition to the effect of cold homes on mental and physical illness, living on a low income does much damage. If we are constantly worrying about making ends meet it puts a strain on our bodies, resulting in increased stress, with effects on the heart and blood vessels and a disordered immune system. This type of living environment will mean thousands of people will die earlier than they should, and, in addition to lung damage in children, the toxic stress can permanently affect their brain development.

"Over the last decade the UCL Institute of Health Equity has laid out clearly, in repeated reviews of health inequalities, what needs to be done to ensure everyone has the opportunity to live a long and healthy life, in dignity. In a rich country like the U.K., the idea that more than half of households should face fuel poverty is a sad judgment of the management of our affairs. It is an absolute travesty that energy companies are raking in billions of pounds in profits and tax cuts are being suggested while half the population is facing shortened lives and severe hardship through no fault of their own."
He added, "The government needs to act, and act right now. It's clear we are facing a significant humanitarian crisis with thousands losing their lives and millions of children's development blighted, leading to inequalities that will last a lifetime."

Professor Ian Sinha, Consultant Respiratory Pediatrician at Alder Hey Children's Hospital explains, "There is a window of opportunity in childhood for optimal respiratory maturation. This is impaired by problems associated with cold, substandard, or overcrowded housing such as viruses, dust, mold, and pollution. When we add in factors such as cutting back on food to pay the gas bills, and the mental health and educational impact of cold houses, the picture is bleaker still.

"Without meaningful and swift action, therefore, my concern is that cold housing will have dangerous consequences for many children now, and through their life-course. Lifelong health inequalities, repeatedly and eloquently described by Sir Michael take root in childhood—there is no doubt that the standard of a child's house is a key factor."

Alongside health, the review also suggests fuel poverty will lead to substantial and long-lasting education inequalities.

Sir Michael added, "Children living in a cold house are less likely to be able to do their homework, leading to them falling behind at school. Long-term that is more likely to lead to low-income, unstable work and not being able to make ends meet. Educational achievement is a key predictor of long-term health and longevity, and health inequalities."

**More information:** Fuel Poverty, Cold Homes and Health Inequalities in the UK.

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